Malvern Zetasizer Nano ZS



Manufacturer: Malvern Instruments GmbH

Name: Zetasizer Nano ZS

Seriennummer: MAL 1052612

Inventarnummer:

Baujahr:

Gerätetyp: Particle analytics

Specifications

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Dimensions D × W × H	60 x 32 x 26 cm ³
Weight	19 kg
Temperature control range	$0^{\circ}\text{C} - 90^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.1^{\circ}\text{C**}$
Condensation control	Purge using dry air
Laser	4 mW, 633 nm
Correlator	25 ns – 8000 s, max 4000 channels
Parameter measured	Particle size, zeta potential, molecular weight
PARTICLE SIZE MEASUREMENTS	
Absolute sensitivity (Toluene kcps)	150
Range	0.3 nm – 10 μm*
Min. sample volume	12 μL
Min. concentration, protein	0.1 mg/mL, 15 kDa protein
Min. concentration, forward angle	10 mg/mL, 66 kDa protein
Max concentration	40% w/v*
Measurement angles	13° + 173°
Analysis algorithms***	General purpose NNLS, multiple narrow modes, protein

ZETA POTENTIAL MEASUREMENTS	
Sensitivity	10 mg/mL, 66 kDa protein
Zeta potential range	> ± 500 mV
Mobility range	> ± 20 μ.cm/V.s
Max. sample concentration	40% w/v*
Min. sample volume (using diffusion	20 μL
barrier)	
Max. sample conductivity	200 mS/cm
Signal processing	M3-PALS
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	
MEASUREMENT	
Range as estimated from DLS	<1000 Da – 2×10 ⁷ Da*
Range as estimated by Debye plot	<1000 Da – 2×10 ⁷ Da*

^{*}Sample dependent **0.1° at 25°C, 0.2° at 2°C, 0.5° at 90°C ***Contin algorithm in research software option

Description

- A three-in-one device that measures not only particle size, but also particle charge (zeta potential) and molecular weight in solution.
- Technologies incorporated:
 - 1. Dual angle Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS, for measuring particle size)
 - 2. Non-Invasive Back-Scatter (NIBS, for measuring particle size)
 - 3. Static Light Scattering (SLS, for measuring molecular weight)
 - 4. Electrophoretic Light Scattering (ELS)
 - 5. Mixed mode measurement, phase analysis light scattering (M3-PALS, for measuring zeta potential)
- The NIBS optics and M3-PALS technology ensure a wide size and concentration range, which reduces time and effort for sample preparation.
- The NIBS technology illuminates a larger number of particles and uses efficient fiber detection, giving 100 times the sensitivity of conventional optics. Measuring a larger number of particles eliminates number fluctuations, giving a more stable signal and significantly increasing the largest particle size that can be measured.
- The diffusion barrier technique improves the stability of the charge measurement of proteins, and dramatically reduces the volume of sample required.
- Forward scattering angle for the enhanced detection of aggregates.
- Measurement in high salt and non-aqueous media.
- For further information, please visit: https://www.malvernpanalytical.com/en/assets/MRK1839_tcm50-17228.pdf